INSTRUCTION MANUAL



KEPCO An ISO 9001 Company.

HSF-PFC 100W

KEPCO SINGLE OUTPUT 100 WATT HOT SWAP PLUG-IN POWER SUPPLIES **(**§

I — INTRODUCTION

The Kepco HSF-PFC 100 Watt series hot swappable, high frequency switching, plug-in power supplies with built in power factor correction employ forward conversion and are designed to operate in a fault tolerant power system with either a-c or d-c input. A resistor and thyristor soft-start circuit limits start-up surge. A built-in forced current share circuit and OR-ing diodes allow configuration for hot-swap and parallel-redundant N+1 operation.

These power supplies are designed to be used with Kepco's Series RA 19-(X)B rack adapters (Figure 1). The RA 19-8B rack adapter accepts up to eight 50 Watt or 100 Watt units (see Figure 1); RA 19-7B accepts up to four 50 Watt or 100 Watt units and three 150 Watt units; RA 19-6B accepts up to six 150 Watt units. All input/output connections are through a 24 pin connector that plugs in to the rack adapter. All external connections are made through the rack adapter. Surface mount technology permits efficient component layout for minimum mounting space.

Six models may be selected for outputs of 5, 12, 15, 24, 28, or 48V (see Table 1).

When the input is cut off, the output is maintained for 15 milliseconds minimum. If the power supply shuts down due to an output overvoltage condition, it is then necessary to wait 90 seconds minimum (120V a-c input) or 120 seconds minimum (240V a-c input) before turning the unit on again. EMI filtering is designed to meet FCC Class B rating and VDE 0871 Class B rating. This page contains specifications for each model of the HSF-PFC 100 Watt Series. Environmental specifications for each model are the same.

TABLE 1. OUTPUT RATINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS, HSF-PFC 100W SERIES

MODEL		HSF 5-20PFC	HSF 12-8.5PFC	HSF 15-7PFC	HSF 24-4.5PFC	HSF28-3.8PFC	HSF 48-2.1PFC
OUTPUT VOLTS, d-c (NOMINAL)		5V	12V	15V	24V	28V	48V
ADJUSTMENT RANGE		4.3 - 5.3V	11.4 - 12.6V	13.5 - 16.5V	19.2 - 26.0V	26.5 - 29.5V	44.0 - 52.0
OUTPUT CURRENT (NOMINAL) ⁽¹⁾		20A	8.5A	7.0A	4.5A	3.8A	2.2A
CURRENT LIMIT ⁽²⁾		21A min	8.92A min	7.35A min	6.82A min	3.99a min	2.2A min
OUTPUT POWER (NOMINAL)(3)		100W	99.6W	99W	100.8W	98W	96W
EFFICIENCY	100 Va-c	77%	80%	80%	81%	81%	83%
	240 Va-c	82%	84%	84%	85%	85%	86%
RIPPLE AND NOISE (mV p-p) 0-40°C, 10-100% LOAD	switching (typ)	80	100	100	100	100	130
	spike noise (d-c—50MHz)	<120	<150	<150	<150	<150	<200
OVERVOLTAGE SETTING (25°C, NOM. INPUT)		5.7 - 6.4V	13.7 - 15.7V	17.0 - 19.0V	27.0 - 30.5V	32.0 - 35.0	53.5 - 60.0

⁽¹⁾ Derates same as Output Power.

II — FEATURES

FRONT PANEL ACCESS. The front panel provides a power ON/OFF switch controlling input power and a "VDC ON" light which indicates when the unit is operating. *NOTE: The ON/OFF switch must be set to OFF before removing unit from rack adapter.* The front panel "MASTER ON" LED lights when 1) the unit operates independently, or 2) the unit is used in parallel redundant configurations while a) the output is less than 10% of nominal or b) the output is within 10% to 100% of nominal and the unit is functioning as a master. In parallel redundant configurations, the module with the highest voltage functions as the master. The other units are slaves, and track the output voltage of the master. Refer to **Current Share Bus (CSB)** on page 3 for details. The front panel Vadj trimmer provides adjustment of the output voltage within the limits specified in Table 1; test points connected to the +S and -S lines are available at the front panel for measuring the output.

FORCED CURRENT SHARE CIRCUIT. When units are configured for N+1 parallel redundant operation, it is desirable for current to be divided equally among the paralleled supplies. When the CSB (Current Share Bus) lines of paralleled HSF-PFC units are connected together, the load current is forced to divide equally between all paralleled units. If one unit fails, the remaining units continue to supply the load, and the load current is divided equally among the remaining operating units. The failed unit is automatically isolated from the circuit by a built-in isolation diode. Refer to **Current Share Bus (CSB)** on page 3 for details.

⁽²⁾ Current Limit is rectangular. After the overload is removed, output is automatically restored.

⁽³⁾ See power derating curve, Figure 4.

ALARM CIRCUIT. The HSF-PFC includes an isolated internal relay offering normally closed and normally open contacts referenced to an isolated common. These contacts may be used to configure "close on failure" or "open on failure" alarm circuits. (Refer to the Series RA 19-(X)B Manual for alarm configurations for multiple HSF-PFC power supplies.)

KEYING. Keying of the HSF-PFC is established at the factory. The output voltage determines which keyway is open. When the corresponding rack adapter key (pin) is installed by the user, only a power supply of the correct voltage can be inserted in the rack adapter slot.

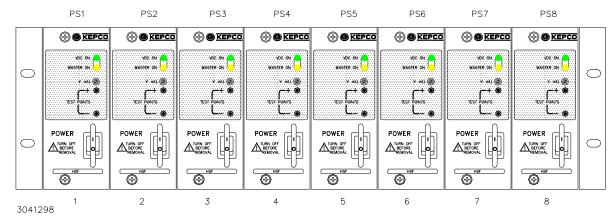


FIGURE 1. HSF-PFC 100 WATT POWER SUPPLIES (8) INSTALLED IN RA 19-8B RACK ADAPTER

III — SPECIFICATIONS

The following specifications apply to all HSF-PFC 100 Watt Series models (also refer to Table 1). Other models are also available; consult your Kepco representative for their specifications.

INPUT:

Voltage: 120V a-c/240V a-c nominal; Range 95-265V a-c; 125-370V d-c. (polarity insensitive)

Frequency: Nominal 50-60 Hz; Range 47-440Hz (at 440Hz leakage current exceeds UL/VDE safety spec.limit).

Current (nominal output at rated load): @120V a-c rms: 1.4A a-c max;

@240V a-c rms: 0.7A a-c max.

Initial Turn-on Surge: cold start 25 °C (First surge only, not including the current flow into the EMI filter)

14A typ. (100 V a-c, 100% load); 28A typ. (200 Va-c, 100% load). Brownout Voltage: 85V a-c, 110V d-c.

Switching Frequency: 135KHz typical, nominal load.

STABILIZATION:

Source Effect: Range 95-132V a-c or 190-264V a-c, 0.2% typ.; 0.3% max.

Load Effect: Range 10%-100% load, 0.5% typ.; 1.5% max. Temperature Effect: Range 0° to 40°C, 0.5% typ.; 1.0% max.

Combined Effect: 0.9% typ.; 1.8% max. (includes source, load, and temperature effects).

Time Effect: 0.2% typ.; 0.5% max. (1/2 hr-8 hr at 25°C).

RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS: A step load change from 50% to 100% produces less than $\pm 4\%$ output excursion. Recovery occurs to within $\pm 1\%$ of the original setting in <1 ms (load change t_r or t_f equal to or greater than 50μ sec).

START-UP TIME: 500 ms. maximum.

HOLDUP TIME: 37 ms. typ., 20 ms. min. (100V a-c); 45 ms. typ., 25 ms. min. (240V a-c).

DIELECTRIC STRENGTH:

Between input and output: 2KV a-c for one minute.

Between input and output with Y-capacitor removed: 3KV a-c for one minute.

Between input and case (ground): 2KV a-c for one minute.

INSULATION RESISTANCE: Between input and ground, output and ground, input and output;

100 Megohms min. (500V d-c).

LEAKAGE CURRENT

(UL method, 120V a-c): 0.35 mA maximum. (VDE method, 240V a-c): 0.70 mA maximum.

POWER FACTOR: 0.99 typ. at 100V a-c, 0.95 typ. at 200V a-c

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SAFETY: Units are designed to meet UL60950 3rd Edition, CSA 22.2 No. 60950, and EN 60950 and are CE marked per the Low Voltage Directive (LVD), 73/23/EEC and 93/68/EEC. [The standards do not apply with DC input operation]

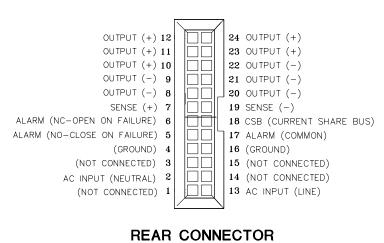
I/O CONNECTOR: The 24-pin I/O connector (Figure 2) is designed to mate with the corresponding connector in the Series RA 19-(X)B Rack Adapter.

■ (+) SENSE; (-) SENSE: These lines are provided to compensate for voltage drops in the load connecting wires. The Sense lines must be connected to their respective (+) and (-) output terminals, either at the load or at the rack adapter (see Rack Adapter Manual). The connection ensures the most accurate error tracking. Error compensation in the connecting wires is up to 0.25 Volts per lead for all models.

NOTE:

The Sense lines must be connected for the HSF-PFC Power supply to work properly!

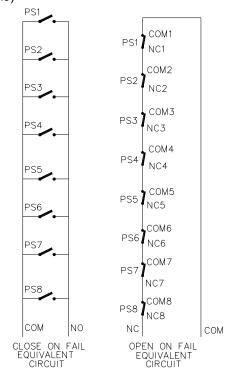
- **OUTPUT (+), OUTPUT (-):** HSF-PFC power supply d-c output.
- CURRENT SHARE BUS (CSB): Connecting the CSB lines of HSF-PFC power supplies operating in a parallel configuration causes output current to be shared equally. (See Rack Adapter Manual for additional information on parallel configurations.). For current sharing to work properly the outputs of all paralleled units must be within 250 mV (max) of each other and each unit must be operating at between 10% to 100% of rated output. If current to the load goes below 10% for each unit in current share mode, all MASTER ON lights may go on (see load effect specifications); this indicates that forced current share is no longer working, units are simply in current share mode. (If forced current sharing at less than 10% nominal current per supply is needed, contact Kepco application engineering.) Remote sensing is recommended. For master/slave operation to work properly each unit should be adjusted to 40 mV ** (optimum) less than the next paralleled unit (see ** for Model HSF 15-7PFC). Unit 1 is adjusted to V_{OUT}, unit 2 to V_{OUT} − 40mV, and unit 3 to V_{OUT} − 80mV, etc. If the master fails, the unit 2 will become the new master. The 40 mV difference can be reduced to a minimum of 25 mV as needed to parallel many units and still keep all units within 250 mV of each other. Adjust the outputs using Vadj trimmer on front panel.
 - Optimum difference among output voltages of paralleled units: 40mV **
 - Maximum difference among output voltages of paralleled units: 250 mV
 - · Minimum difference among output voltages of paralleled units: 25 mV
- ALARM: The Alarm NC (normally closed) Open on Failure and Alarm NO (normally open) Close on Failure lines are relay contacts referenced to Alarm Common. If the unit fails, the path between Alarm NC Open on Failure and Alarm Common opens, the path between Alarm NO Close on Fail and Alarm Common is a short circuit. Figure 3 illustrates typical Close on Fail and Open on Fail circuits to give a failure indication if any one of a number of power supplies fail.
- INPUT POWER: Line (either a-c or d-c source power), Neutral and Ground (chassis)



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FIGURE 2. REAR CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENTS

** HSF15-7PFC optimum: 100mV. If set to less than 100mV, units continue to current share normally under power off/on or sudden load change conditions, although master-slave roles may change. If master/slave role is not a concern, values between 25mV and 100mV are permissible.



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FIGURE 3. TYPICAL ALARM CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

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EMI: Designed to meet FCC Class B (100-120V a-c) and VDE 0871 Class B (220-240V a-c).

VIBRATION: (non-operating, one hour on each one of the three

axes):

5-10 Hz, 10 mm amplitude. 10-55 Hz, 2g acceleration.

SHOCK: (non-operating, one-half sinusoidal pulse, three shocks to

each axis):
Acceleration: 20g
Duration: 11ms ±5ms

OPERATING TEMPERATURE: See Figure 4. **STORAGE TEMPERATURE:** -40°C to +75°C.

OPERATING AND STORAGE RELATIVE HUMIDITY: up to 95%

(wet bulb temp. <35°C non-condensing).

FUSE: Slow Blow, 3.15A, 250V; (5 x 20 mm), Littelfuse, P/N

2153.15PF; Kepco P/N 541-0135.

WARRANTY: 5 years.

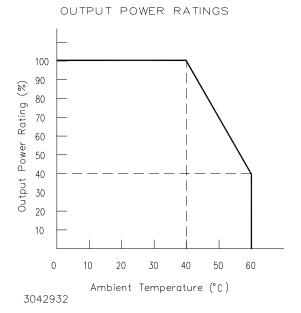


FIGURE 4. % OUTPUT POWER RATING VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

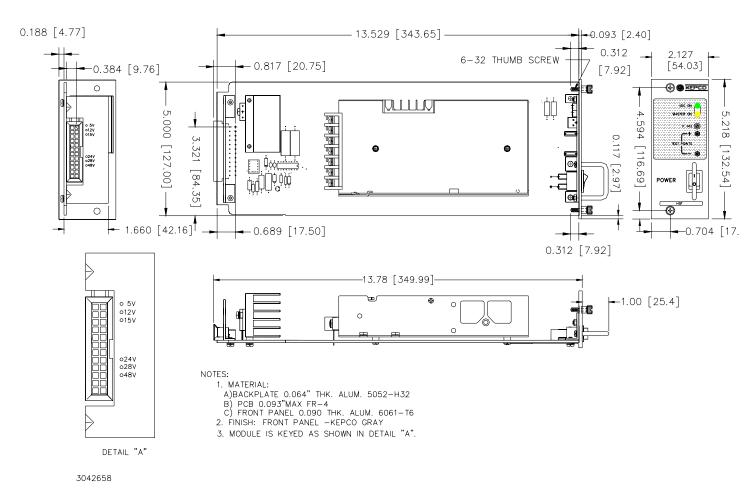


FIGURE 5. HSF-PFC 100W POWER SUPPLY OUTLINE DRAWING